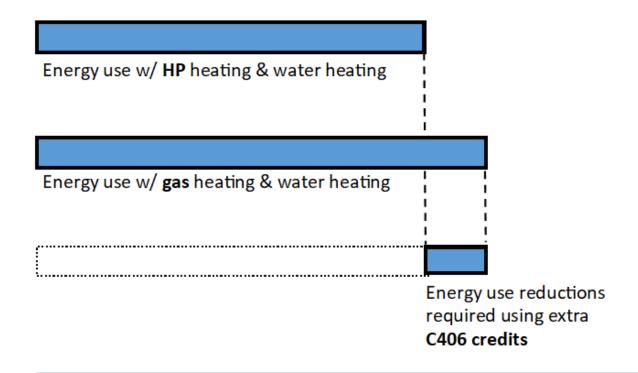
Fossil Fuel Compliance Path

If needed for EPCA compliance

Basic concept

Compliance path explicitly permitting gas heating & water heating, while maintaining same overall energy efficiency as heat pump buildings.

- 1. Calculate difference in annual energy use between buildings using gas & using heat pumps
- 2. Require sufficient additional C406 credits from buildings with gas equipment to equalize annual energy use.



The proposed **Fossil Fuel Compliance Pathway** explicitly permits the use of fossil fuel combustion appliances, together with extra energy efficiency credits to compensate for the additional site energy usage of the gas appliances. Propane & heating oil appliances are also permitted.

Convert "emissions" credits to "energy" Modification of original proposal

- Using the same conversion factors used to develop Jonny Kocher's residential code proposals
- 13 *energy* credits
 - = 10 gas carbon emissions credits
- 12 *energy* credits
 - = 10 electrical carbon emissions credits

- "Electrical" proposals (credits x 1.2)
 - All not listed as "gas" proposals

- "Gas" proposals (credits x 1.3)
 - 2. HVAC TSPR
 - 4. Heating efficiency
 - 15 Shower drain heat recovery
 - 16. Service water heat recovery
 - 19. Point of use water heater
 - 20. SHW distribution right-sizing
 - 21 SHW circulation system
 - 23. Low flow res showerheads
 - 24. Enhanced envelope performance
 - 25. Base reduced air leakage
 - 26. Enhanced reduced air leakage

Adjustment for "exempt" heating capacity

Formula: $CR = A - (A \times B/C)$

This removes heating capacity that's allowed to be electric resistance from the equation.

Example: The electric resistance heating allowed for dwelling units.

Baseline credits for three building types

Table C401.3.3.1				
HVAC Hea	HVAC Heating Equipment Credits			
Building Area Type	Baseline Credits Required			
	Climate Zone 4C Climate Zone			
Multifamily	<u>195</u>	<u>187</u>		
Health care/hospital				
Hotel/motel				
<u>Office</u>	<u>112</u>	<u>165</u>		
Restaurant				
Grocery				
Other retail				
School	<u>52</u>	<u>60</u>		
<u>Warehouse</u>				
All others				

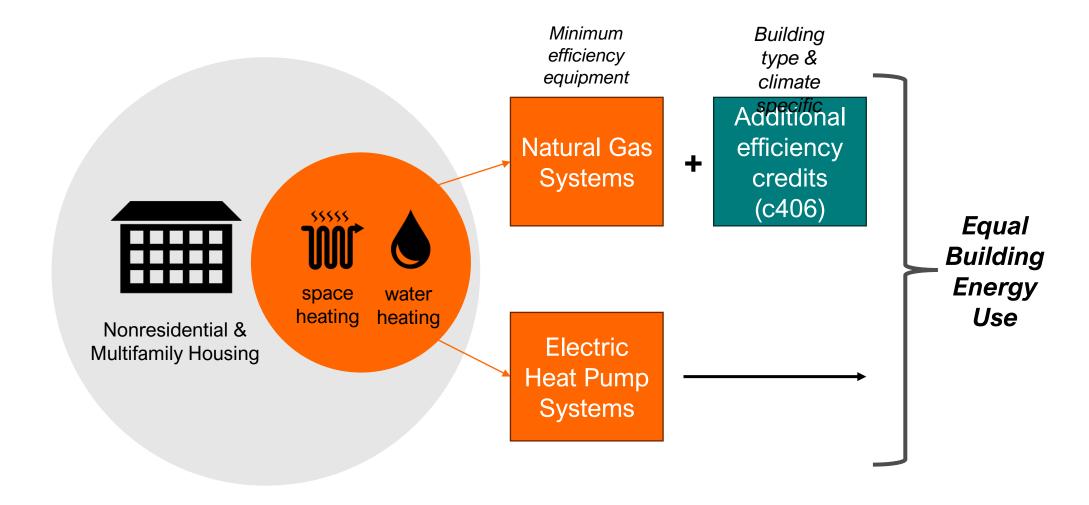
<u>Table C401.3.4.1</u>					
Service Water	Service Water Heating Equipment Credits				
Building Area Type	Baseline Credits Required				
	Climate Zone 4C Climate Zone 5				
<u>Multifamily</u>	<u>65</u>	<u>62</u>			
Health care/hospital					
Hotel/motel					
<u>Office</u>	<u>37</u>	<u>55</u>			
Restaurant					
Grocery					
Other retail					
<u>School</u>	<u>17</u>	<u>20</u>			
<u>Warehouse</u>					
All others					

Washington State Nonresidential Prescriptive Compliance Evaluation for Gas and Heat Pump Pathway

7/14/2023

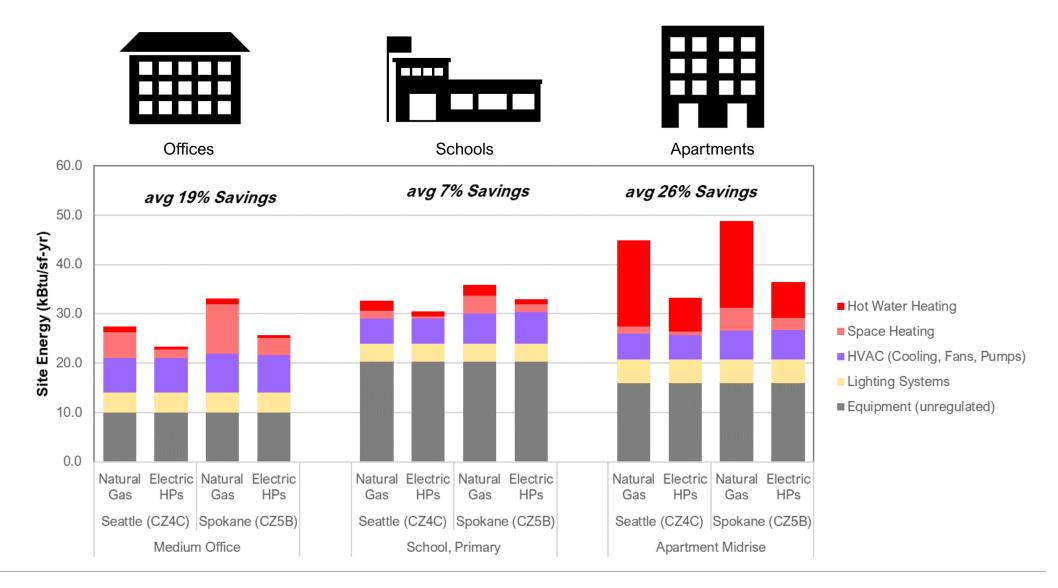


Framework for Heating System Compliance Pathways





Building Energy Equivalence, Initial Findings





Building Energy Equivalence, Initial Findings

General Assumptions

- Annual Energy Simulations
- EnergyPlus 22.1
- DOE based Prototypes
- WA Energy Code Minimum Efficiencies, New Construction



Medium Office



School, Primary

Spokane (CZ5B)

Electric

HPs

2.9

8%

Natural

Gas

Seattle (CZ4C)

Natural

Gas 20.3 Electric

HPs



	Wicalam Cilico				
	Seattle	Seattle (CZ4C)		Spokane (CZ5B)	
	Natural	Electric	Natural	Electric	
Site Energy (kBtu/sf)	Gas	HPs	Gas	HPs	
Equipment (unregulated)	9.9	9.9	9.9	9.9	
Lighting Systems	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	
HVAC (Cooling, Fans, Pumps)	6.9	6.8	7.8	7.6	
Space Heating	5.2	1.8	10.0	3.5	
Hot Water Heating	1.2	0.6	1.2	0.6	

				Opokane (O20b)	
	N	latural	Electric	Natural	Electric
e Energy (kBtu/sf)		Gas	HPs	Gas	HPs
ipment (unregulated)		9.9	9.9	9.9	9.9
nting Systems		4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2
AC (Cooling, Fans, Pumps)		6.9	6.8	7.8	7.6
ce Heating		5.2	1.8	10.0	3.5
Water Heating		1.2	0.6	1.2	0.6
•					

6.9	6.8	7.8	7.6
5.2	1.8	10.0	3.5
1.2	0.6	1.2	0.6
27.4	23.4	33.1	25.7
6.4	2.4	11.2	4.1
23%	10%	34%	16%
	4.1		7.4

20.3	20.3	20.3	20.3
3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6
5.0	5.1	6.1	6.3
1.6	0.5	3.7	1.6
2.1	1.0	2.1	1.0
32.7	30.5	35.8	32.9
3.7	1.5	5.8	2.7
11%	5%	16%	8%

Apartment Midrise			
Seattle (CZ4C)		Spokane (CZ5B)	
Natural Gas	Electric HPs	Natural Gas	Electric HPs
15.9	15.9	15.9	15.9
4.7	4.7	4.7	4.7
5.3	5.0	5.8	6.0
1.4	0.7	4.8	2.5
17.5	6.9	17.5	7.3

48.8

22.3

46%

36.5

9.9

27% 12.3

25%

Total Site Energy		- 2
Heating Systems		
Heating % of Total		2
EUI Savings (kBtu/sf)		
Relative Energy Savings		

	15%	22%
•	DOAS with four-p	ipe-fan coils.

Natural gas: HW boiler and

DHW boiler

- Electric hp: Air to Water HP and Central WSHP
- · Central DOAS with PTAC/PTHPs

2.2

7%

- · Natural gas: Furnaces and DHW boiler
- Electric hp: Air Source HPs and Central WSHP
- Central DOAS with PTAC/PTHPs Natural gas: Furnaces and In-Unit DHW boiler

33.3

7.6

23%

11.7

26%

44.9

19.0

42%

Electric hp: Air Source HPs and Central WSHP



Analysis Key Assumptions

- All models based on Department of Energy building prototypes
- Modified originally from IECC code models for WA state code
- Simulated in EnergyPlus 22.1
- Weather files based on TMY3 files for Seattle and Spokane
- Medium Office building use assumptions updated in all cases to be more representative on: people usage, lighting usage, equipment usage, infiltration changes, hot water usage

Medium Office Systems

- DOAS with Four Pipe Fan Coils. Central water heating.
 - Central Heating
 - Boiler: 80%
 - Air to Water HP: COP 2.77
 - Domestic Hot Water:
 - Boiler: 81%
 - HPWH: COP 3.4

School Primary

- Central DOAS, per apartment Packaged Terminal Heat Pump/AC Unit. Central water heating.
 - Central Heating
 - Boiler: 80%
 - Air to Water HP: COP 2.77
 - Domestic Hot Water:
 - Boiler: 81%
 - HPWH: COP 3.4

Apartment Mid-Rise

- Central DOAS, per apartment Packaged Terminal Heat Pump/AC Unit. In-Unit Gas /Central Heat Pump Water Heater
 - Heating
 - Furnace: 80%
 - Air to Air HP: 3.81
 - Domestic Hot Water:
 - Boiler: 80%
 - HPWH: COP 3.4

